

DOOGAR & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **Davesh Technobuild Private Limited**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Davesh Technobuild Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act"). This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2013;
- (b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.


Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of section 227 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Order.
2. As required by section 227(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b. in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. in our opinion, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956;
 - e. on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2013, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2013, from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 274 of the Companies Act, 1956.
 - f. Since the Central Government has not issued any notification as to the rate at which the cess is to be paid under section 441A of the Companies Act, 1956 nor has it issued any Rules under the said section, prescribing the manner in which such cess is to be paid, no cess is due and payable by the Company.

Place : New Delhi

Date : 10 MAY 2013

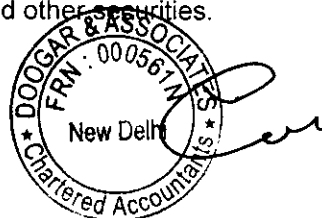
For Doogar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Reg. No. 000561N
New Delhi
Vikas Modi
(Partner)
M.No. 505603



Annexure to the Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date to the members of Davesh Technobuild Private Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2013)

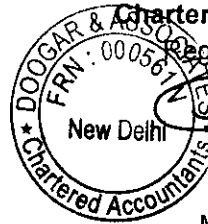
- (i) The Company does not have any fixed assets.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventory.
- (iii) The Company has neither granted nor taken any loans, secured or unsecured to or from companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the companies Act, 1956. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4(iii)(a) to (g) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, there is adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business with regard to purchase of inventory and with regards to the sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weakness in internal controls.
- (v) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions that need to be entered into the register required to be maintained in pursuance of section 301 of The Companies Act, 1956 have been so entered.
(b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, transactions made in pursuance of contracts or arrangements entered into the register required to be maintained in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been made, other than the transactions for which comparable prices are not available, at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time.
- (vi) In our opinion, the Company has not accepted any deposits from public hence the provisions of sections 58A, 58AA or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 1975 are not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) The Company has in-house internal audit system which in our opinion is commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
- (viii) As informed to us, the Companies (Cost Accounting Records) Rules, 2011 as prescribed by the Central Government under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 209 of the Companies Act, 1956 is not applicable in respect of the Company. Accordingly clause 4(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) According to the records of the Company, all applicable undisputed statutory dues have been deposited regularly during the year with the appropriate authorities and there are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues as at the last day of the financial year concerned, for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable. Further, there are no statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (x) The Company does not have any accumulated losses at March 31, 2013 and has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit or the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loan from financial institutions and banks.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no loans and advances have been granted by the Company on the basis of security by way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities.



- (xiii) The Company is not a chit fund or nidhi / mutual benefit fund / society. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4(xiii) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2003 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) The Company is not dealing in or trading in shares, securities, debentures and other investments. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4(xiv) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2003 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given guarantees on behalf of other companies.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us and records examined by us, no term loans have been raised during the period.
- (xvii) On the basis of an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no funds raised on a short-term basis, which have been used for long-term investment.
- (xviii) The Company has not made preferential allotment of shares to the parties covered in register maintained under section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (xix) The Company has not issued any debentures during the period.
- (xx) The Company has not raised money by way of public issues during the period.
- (xxi) During the course of audit carried out and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

Place : New Delhi
Date : 10 MAY 2013

For Doogar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Reg. No. 000561N
New Delhi
Vikas Modi
(Partner)
M.No. 505603



Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2013

(Amount in Rupees)

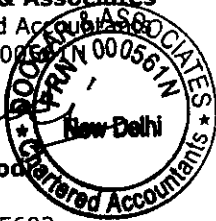
Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2013	As at 31st March, 2012
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2	100,000.00	100,000.00
Reserves and surplus	3	121,776.00	116,562.61
		221,776.00	216,562.61
Current liabilities			
Other current liabilities	4	15,731.00	11,236.00
Short term provisions	5	2,023.00	1,098.00
		17,754.00	12,334.00
Total		239,530.00	228,896.61
II ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Deferred tax assets	6	-	309.00
		-	309.00
Current assets			
Inventories	7	-	205,623.61
Trade Receivables	8	210,000.00	-
Cash and bank balances	9	29,530.00	22,964.00
		239,530.00	228,587.61
Total		239,530.00	228,896.61
Significant accounting policies	1		

The note nos. 1-21 form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of
Doogar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Reg No. 0005603

Vikas Modani
Partner
M.No. 505603



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Surender Kumar Goyal
(Director)
DIN: 00097179

Virender Kumar Singhal
(Director)
DIN: 03563087

Place : New Delhi
Date : 10 MAY 2013

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2013

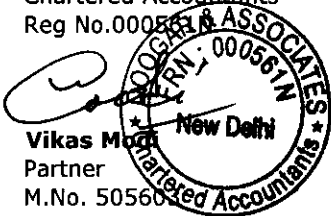
(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2013	Year ended 31st March, 2012
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	10	210,000.00	17,518,100.00
Other income		21,000.00	25,000.00
Total Revenue		231,000.00	17,543,100.00
Expenses			
Cost of land	11	205,623.61	17,518,100.00
Other expenses	12	17,831.00	22,691.00
Total Expenses		223,454.61	17,540,791.00
Profit before tax		7,545.39	2,309.00
Tax expense			
Current tax		2,023.00	1,098.00
Deferred tax charges		309.00	309.00
		2,332.00	1,407.00
Profit for the year		5,213.39	902.00
Earnings per equity share			
Basic & diluted (Face value of Rs. 10 each)	13	0.52	0.09
Significant accounting policies	1		

The note nos. 1-21 form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of
Doogar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Reg No. 000561



Vikas Modi
Partner
M.No. 50560

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Surender Kumar Goyal
(Director)
DIN: 00097179

Virender Kumar Singhal
(Director)
DIN: 03563087

Place : New Delhi
Date : 10 MAY 2013

Davesh Technobuild Private Limited
1512-1513, Nand Vihar, Dilshad Garden, Delhi-110093

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2013

(Amount in Rupees)


Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2013	Year ended 31st March, 2012
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit for the year before tax	7,545.39	2,309.00
Operating profit before working capital changes	7,545.39	2,309.00
Adjustments for working capital		
Inventories	205,623.61	-
Trade Receivables	(210,000.00)	
Other current liabilities	4,495.00	206.00
	118.61	206.00
Cash from (used in) operating activities	7,664.00	2,515.00
Direct tax paid	(1,098.00)	(59,676.00)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	6,566.00	(57,161.00)
B. Cash flow from investing activities	-	-
C. Cash flow from financing activities	-	-
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	6,566.00	(57,161.00)
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	22,964.00	80,125.00
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	29,530.00	22,964.00

The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Accounting Standard 3 'Cash Flow Statement'.

As per our report of even date attached


For and on behalf of
Doogar & Associates


Chartered Accountants
Reg. No. 00926100561N


Vikas Mohan
Partner
M.No. 505603



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Surender Kumar Goyal
(Director)
DIN: 00097179


Virender Kumar Singhal
(Director)
DIN: 03563087

Place : New Delhi
Date : 10 MAY 2013

Davesh Technobuild Private Limited

1512-1513, Nand Vihar, Dilshad Garden, Delhi-110093

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2013

1. Significant accounting policies

a. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act") and the Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in India ("Indian GAAP") and to comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed in Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules 2006 issued by the Central Government in exercise of power conferred under Section 642(1) (a) and relevant provisions of the Act.

b. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.

c. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized on accrual basis and comprises of aggregate amounts of sale price agreed with the customers and is recognized on the basis of cost of rights so transferred.

d. Inventories

Land is valued at cost, which is determined on average method. Cost includes cost of acquisition and all other costs incurred till the date of Possession.

e. Amortization of Miscellaneous Expenses

Preliminary expenses are charged to revenue in the year in which they are incurred.

f. Accounting for taxes on income

i. Provision for current tax is made, based on the tax payable under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

ii. Deferred tax on timing differences between taxable and accounting income is accounted for, using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantially enacted as on the balance sheet date. Deferred tax Assets are recognized only when there is a reasonable certainty of their realization. Wherever there are unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses under Tax laws, Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is virtual certainty of their realization.

g. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

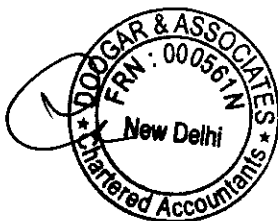
A provision is recognized when:

- the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

h. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity share.



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2. SHARE CAPITAL

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013		As at 31st March, 2012	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorised				
10,000 (10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each		100,000.00		100,000.00
		100,000.00		100,000.00
Issued, subscribed & paid up				
10,000 (10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up		100,000.00		100,000.00
		100,000.00		100,000.00

Figures in brackets represent those of the previous year.

2.1 Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013		As at 31st March, 2012	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000	100,000.00	10,000	100,000.00
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	10,000	100,000.00	10,000	100,000.00

2.2 Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/-per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

2.3 Shares held by holding / Ultimate holding company and / or their subsidiaries and associates

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013		As at 31st March, 2012	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Holding Company				
Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Private Limited	10,000	100,000.00	10,000	100,000.00
	10,000	100,000.00	10,000	100,000.00

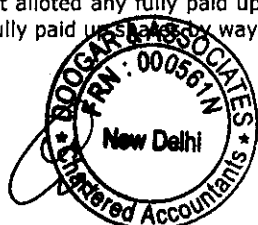
2.4 Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in equity capital of the company

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013		As at 31st March, 2012	
	No of Shares held	% Holding	No of Shares held	% Holding
Holding Company				
Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Private Limited	10,000	100%	10,000	100%

The aforesaid disclosure is based upon percentages computed as at the balance sheet date. As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

2.5 The company has not reserved any shares for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.

2.6 The company has not allotted any fully paid up shares pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash and has neither allotted any fully paid up shares by way of bonus shares nor has bought back any class of shares since the date of its incorporation.



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3. RESERVES & SURPLUS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013	As at 31st March, 2012
Surplus as per statement of profit & loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	116,562.61	115,660.61
Add: Net profit for the current year	5,213.39	902.00
Balance at the end of the year	121,776.00	116,562.61

4. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013	As at 31st March, 2012
Audit fee payable	11,236.00	11,236.00
Other payable	4,495.00	
	15,731.00	11,236.00

5. SHORT TERM PROVISIONS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013	As at 31st March, 2012
Provision for taxation	2,023.00	1,098.00
	2,023.00	1,098.00

6. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013	As at 31st March, 2012
On account of preliminary expenses	-	309.00
	-	309.00

7. INVENTORIES

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013	As at 31st March, 2012
Land	-	205,623.61
	-	205,623.61

8. TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013	As at 31st March, 2012
(Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment	-	-
Other Trade Receivables*	210,000.00	-
(*Due from Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Private Limited, Holding Company)		
	210,000.00	-

9. CASH & BANK BALANCES

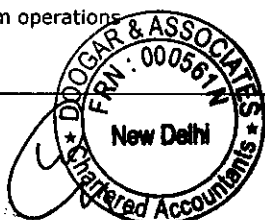
(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2013	As at 31st March, 2012
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	29,530.00	22,964.00
	29,530.00	22,964.00

10. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2013	For the year ended 31st March, 2012
Income from operations	210,000.00	17,518,100.00
	210,000.00	17,518,100.00



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11. COST OF LAND

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2013	For the year ended 31st March, 2012
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Land	205,623.61	205,623.61
	205,623.61	205,623.61
Add Incurred during the year		
Land	-	17,518,100.00
	205,623.61	17,723,723.61
Less: Inventory at the close of the year		
Land	-	205,623.61
	-	205,623.61
	205,623.61	17,518,100.00

12. OTHER EXPENSES

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2013	For the year ended 31st March, 2012
Rates and taxes	600.00	800.00
Legal & professional charges	5,995.00	8,411.00
Interest on income tax	-	2,244.00
Audit fee	11,236.00	11,236.00
	17,831.00	22,691.00

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2013	For the year ended 31st March, 2012
Profit after tax (in Rupees)	5,213.39	902.00
Numerator used for calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	5,213.39	902.00
Equity shares outstanding as at the year end	10,000	10,000
Weighted average number of shares used as denominator for calculating basic & diluted earnings per share	10,000	10,000
Nominal value per share (in Rupees)	10.00	10.00
Basic & diluted earnings per share (in Rupees)	0.52	0.09

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & COMMITMENTS

As at 31st March, 2013

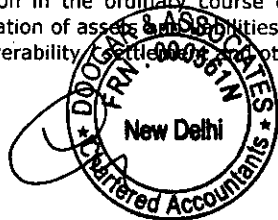
As at 31st March, 2012

NIL

NIL

15. Determination of revenue involves making estimates by the management for cost of rights to the land transferred. These estimates being of a technical nature have been relied upon by the auditor.

16. Trade receivables and other current / non-current assets are in the opinion of the management do not have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business, less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet. The classification of assets and liabilities between current and non-current have been made based on management perception as to its recoverability, settlement and other criteria as set out in the revised schedule VI to the Companies Act, 1956.



17. MICRO, SMALL SCALE BUSINESS ENTITIES

The Company has not entered into any transaction with any entity covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006; therefore, no disclosure as to amount due to them including interest has been made.

18. EARNING AND EXPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

	2012-13	2011-12
i) Earning in foreign currency	NIL	NIL
ii) Expenditure in foreign currency	NIL	NIL

19. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company is primarily engaged in a single business segment viz. Real Estate and operates in one geographical segment as per accounting standard AS-17 on 'Segment Reporting'.

20. RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

A. Name of related parties:-

(i) Holding Company

1. Omaxe Limited (ultimate holding company)
2. Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Private Limited (holding company)

(ii) Entities over which key managerial personnel of Omaxe Limited or their relatives exercise significant influences

1. DVM Realtors Private Limited

B. Summary of transactions with related parties are as under

(Amount in Rupees)

Transaction	Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Pvt Ltd (holding company)	DVM Realtors Private Limited	Total
Sale of Land	210,000 (17,518,100)	NIL (NIL)	210,000 (17,518,100)
Advances received / adjusted	NIL (NIL)	NIL (17,518,100)	NIL (17,518,100)
Advances repaid /adjusted	NIL (NIL)	NIL (17,518,100)	NIL (17,518,100)
Balance as at 31-03-2013			
Trade Receivable	210,000 (NIL)	NIL (NIL)	210,000 (NIL)

Figures in brackets represent those of the previous year.

21. The company has regrouped / reclassified previous year figures where necessary to conform to with current year's classification.

The note no 1-21 referred to above forms an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

Doogar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Reg.No 0005603

Vikas Modi

Partner

M.No. 505603

Place: New Delhi

Date: 10 MAY 2013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Surender Kumar Goyal

(Director)

DIN: 00097179

Virender Kumar Singhal

(Director)

DIN: 03563087